

VILLAGE OF CORRALES

ORDINANCE NO. 12-014

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO THE COLLECTION,
TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL OF LIQUID WASTE IN THE VILLAGE OF
CORRALES; DEFINING TERMS; CREATING A PUBLIC UTILITIES DEPARTMENT;
ESTABLISHING A WASTEWATER UTILITY SYSTEM; DESIGNATING
WASTEWATER UTILITY SERVICE AREAS; PROVIDING FOR SERVICE
CONNECTIONS TO THE WASTEWATER UTILITY SYSTEM; PROVIDING FOR
THE OPERATION, INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE
WASTEWATER UTILITY SYSTEM AND SERVICE CONNECTIONS; PROHIBITING
CERTAIN DISCHARGES AND ACTIVITIES IN CONNECTION WITH LIQUID
WASTE AND WASTEWATER UTILITY SERVICE; ESTABLISHING A SYSTEM OF
RATES AND CHARGES FOR WASTEWATER UTILITY SERVICE; PROVIDING FOR
LIMITED TERMINATION AND RECONNECTION OF WASTEWATER UTILITY
SERVICE; AND PROVIDING A PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS.

WHEREAS, studies performed by the New Mexico Environment Department and by others have determined that the many septic systems discharging into the shallow ground water of the Village of Corrales (the "Village") have caused a deterioration in quality of the shallow ground water, particularly in areas with a relatively high density of businesses or residences; and

WHEREAS, to reduce the discharge of wastewater through septic systems in the Corrales Road High Density Area along Corrales Road from Meadowlark Lane to Old Church Road by providing an alternative system of wastewater disposal, the Village has constructed a STEP (septic tank effluent pumping) wastewater utility collection system along Corrales Road from Old Church Road southward, connecting with the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority's wastewater collection system at a point south of the Village; and

WHEREAS, the Village anticipates and has provided capacity so that the area served by the STEP wastewater utility collection system may in the future be expanded to serve other parts of the Village having a relatively high density of septic systems or other types of wastewater disposal systems discharging to the ground water; and

WHEREAS, the Village Council, the governing body of the Village ("Governing Body") finds that it is incumbent upon the Village to provide for commencement of wastewater utility service and the continuing operation and maintenance of the STEP system; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body finds that the Village should adopt appropriate regulations regarding the use of the STEP system, consistent with the regulations of ABCWUA as owner and operator of the receiving wastewater utility system and of the publicly operated treatment works that will treat the wastewater prior to its release into the Rio Grande; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary for the Village to recover a reasonable portion of the costs the Village has incurred for the construction of the STEP system and also to recover a reasonable

portion of the costs it will incur during the start-up and initial phases of wastewater utility service provided by the STEP system; and WHEREAS, the STEP system requires the installation of specific types of equipment on service connections of individual wastewater customers, and it is necessary to provide for the proper installation, inspection, maintenance and if necessary repair of the service connections and the equipment included in them; and WHEREAS, the Governing Body finds and declares that, over the long term, the wastewater utility system should be operated as an enterprise utility of the Village, with the continuing costs of operating and maintaining the wastewater utility system covered by those who utilize the system and benefit from it; and **WHEREAS**, the Governing Body finds that it is necessary and appropriate to provide for penalties and for corrective action in the event of improper disposal of wastewater or in the event of damage to or improper use of the STEP system. NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Governing Body of the Village of Corrales, New Mexico, as follows: The following material, comprising designated Sections 23-1 through 23-4, inclusive and designated Sections 23-26 through 23-35, inclusive, is hereby adopted by and as an ordinance of the Village. (Remainder of page intentionally left blank.)

80	
81	Chapter 23
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83	LIQUID WASTE MANAGEMENT
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85	ARTICLE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS
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87	Section 23-1. Purpose.
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89	This Chapter 23, Liquid Waste Management, of the Code of Ordinances of the Village of
90	Corrales is adopted to protect the health, safety and welfare of the citizens of the Village by
91	providing for the prevention and abatement of public health hazards that may result from
92	improper wastewater disposal, to improve the quality of surface water and groundwater in the
93	Village, to prevent contamination of necessary water supplies, and to provide for a wastewater
94	utility system serving those parts of the Village where such a system is most urgently needed.
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96	Section 23-2. Authority, jurisdiction and scope.
97	(a) Authority. The provisions of this shorter are adopted to protect the health sofety.
98	(a) Authority. The provisions of this chapter are adopted to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the citizens of the Village under the authority of Chapter 3, NMSA 1978,
99 100	including but not limited to Sections 3-18-22, 3-18-25, and 3-26-1 through 3-26-3 thereof, and
100	the general police powers of the Village.
101	the general police powers of the vinage.
103	(b) Jurisdiction and scope. This chapter shall govern the collection, transportation
104	and disposal of liquid waste within the Village of Corrales. The provisions of this chapter are
105	applicable and binding within the municipal limits of the Village.
106	approved and emanger and many or and a mager
107	Section 23-3. Definitions.
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109	As used in this chapter, the following words, terms, phrases and abbreviations shall in all
110	cases have the meaning indicated, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
111	
112	ABCWUA means the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority.
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114	Advanced treatment system means a wastewater treatment system that removes a greater amount
115	of contaminants than is accomplished through primary treatment, either by physical or
116	chemical processes.
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118	Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Utility Authority means the water utility authority created
119	by 2003 N.M. Laws ch. 437, codified as Section 72-1-10, NMSA 1978, as amended and
120	supplemented.
121	Applicant moons any pageon or entity that scales to make a service required to the XVIII
122	Applicant means any person or entity that seeks to make a service connection to the Village's
123	wastewater utility system, including persons and entities that are required to make such
124	connection in accordance with this chapter.
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126	Biological oxygen demand means the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of
127	organic matter by 40 CFR 136 or EPA accepted Standard Methods procedures in five (5)
128	days at 20° C, expressed in milligrams per liter.
129	
130	BOD means biological oxygen demand.
131	
132	CFR means the Code of Federal Regulations.
133	
134	Chemical oxygen demand means the oxygen-consuming capacity of organic and inorganic matter
135	present in wastewater by 40 CFR 136 or EPA accepted Standard Methods procedures,
136	expressed as milligrams per liter.
137	
138	COD means chemical oxygen demand.
139	
140	Commercial facility means a structure that is not a residential unit but which has sewage-
141	producing fixtures such as sinks, baths, showers, toilets, urinals, dish- and clothes-
142	washers or floor drains for receiving liquid waste. The term <i>commercial facility</i> includes
143	but is not limited to industrial facilities, retail and wholesale stores, offices, schools,
144	government buildings, churches, synagogues and all other non-residential units
145	generating wastewater.
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147	Connection fee means any fee charged by the Village to an applicant as a condition for
148	connection of the applicant's wastewater system to the Village's wastewater utility
149	system.
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151	Corrales Road High Density Area means all individual properties located adjacent to Corrales
152	Road, or any portion of which lies within two hundred (200) feet from the nearest right of
153	way boundary of Corrales Road, between Old Church Road on the north and Meadowlark
154	Lane on the south, and including commercial properties at the intersection of Corrales
155	Road and Meadowlark Lane.
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157	Customer means any person or entity that has made a connection to the wastewater utility system
158	or otherwise receives service from the wastewater utility system.
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160	Developed, in connection with real property, refers to any parcel of real property on which is
161	located any residential unit or commercial facility.
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163	Environmental Protection Agency means the Environmental Protection Agency of the United
164	States.
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166	EPA means the Environmental Protection Agency.
167	
168	High-volume commercial facility means a commercial facility having a liquid waste design flow
169	rate, or an actual mean liquid waste discharge, exceeding 600 gallons per day.
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171 172	Leach field means a subsurface system of perforated pipes or similar material by which wastewater from a septic tank is discharged into the soil or earth.
173 174 175 176	Liquid waste design flow rate means the design flow rate of a residential unit or commercial facility determined in accordance with Subsection 23-31(b), or in accordance with Section 20.7.3.201.P, NMAC, as amended and supplemented.
177 178 179 180	Low-volume commercial facility means a commercial facility having neither a liquid waste design flow rate nor an actual mean liquid waste discharge exceeding 600 gallons per day.
181 182 183	New Mexico Environment Department means the department of environment of the State of New Mexico established by the Environmental Improvement Act (Chapter 74, Article 1,
184 185 186 187	NMSA 1978). NH ₃ -N means the concentration of ammoniacal nitrogen in wastewater, measured in milligrams per liter.
188 189 190	NMAC means the New Mexico Administrative Code.
191 192 193	NMED means the New Mexico Environment Department.NMSA 1978 means the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 edition.
194 195 196	pH means the logarithm to the base ten of the reciprocal of the hydrogen ion activity in solution.
197 198 199	POTW means publicly operated treatment works. Primary service area means an area within the Village where wastewater utility service is made
200 201 202 203	available by the Village and connection of individual wastewater systems to the wastewater utility is required in order to avoid or minimize wastewater discharges harmful to the quality of ground water.
204 205 206 207	Primary treatment means a liquid waste treatment process that takes place in a treatment unit such as a septic tank and allows those substances in wastewater that readily settle or float to be separated from the water being treated.
208 209 210 211	Private wastewater disposal system means a privately owned septic system or other wastewater disposal system not connected to the wastewater utility system or to any other wastewater collection system conveying the wastewater to a POTW.
212 213 214 215	Publicly operated treatment works means a wastewater treatment plant owned by a governmental agency and, in particular, the wastewater treatment plant owned and operated by the ABCWUA.

Residential unit means a structure that is primarily used for living quarters and does not contain commercial facilities.

Septic tank means a liquid waste treatment unit designed to provide primary treatment and anaerobic treatment prior to disposal of wastewater.

Septic tank effluent filter means a filter placed upon the discharge pipe from a septic tank, upstream from the STEP pump, to prevent solid materials from entering the wastewater stream directed to the wastewater utility system; such a filter is mandatory for all service connections to the wastewater utility system.

Service availability date means the date when construction and testing of the wastewater utility system within any primary service area are completed and the wastewater utility system within that primary service area is ready for installation of individual service connections.

Standard Methods means the laboratory procedures set forth in the latest EPA-approved edition, at the time of analysis, of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, as prepared, approved and published jointly by the American Public Health Association, the American Water Works Association and the Water Environment Federation.

STEP means septic tank effluent pumping, and describes the nature of the Village's wastewater utility system.

Village means the Village of Corrales, New Mexico.

Wastewater utility system means the STEP wastewater utility collection and transmission system of the Village.

Section 23-4. Public utility department.

(a) *Department created*. There is hereby created within the executive branch of the Village a public utility department (the "public utility department"). The utility department shall consist of a director of public utilities and such employees as may from time to time be authorized by the governing body to provide for the adequate and efficient management and operation of the Village's wastewater utility system and any other public utilities that may be owned and operated by the Village.

(b) *Director of public utilities*. The office of the director of public utilities shall be the administrative position directly responsible for the management and operation of the wastewater utility system and any other public utilities owned and operated by the Village. The director of public utilities shall report directly to the Village administrator. The position of director of public utilities shall be filled by a qualified full-time or part-time person as and when needed to provide for efficient utility operations. The position of director of public utilities may for administrative purposes be combined with another appropriate administrative position, with one person serving in the combined capacity. If no director of public utilities has been appointed or

if the position becomes vacant, the administrator shall act as director of public utilities until the position has been filled.

ARTICLE II. WASTEWATER UTILITY SERVICE

Section 23-26. Wastewater utility system.

(a) *Establishment*. The Village wastewater utility system is established for the purpose of protecting the health, safety and welfare of the residents and property owners of the Village and to protect the quality of the water supply for the Village and its residents and property owners.

(b) Nature of wastewater utility service. The Village wastewater utility system is a STEP (septic tank effluent pump) system, capable of accepting and transporting liquids only. All solid and semi-solid materials must be removed prior to delivery of wastewater to the STEP system. Removal and disposal of solids and semi-solids from the wastewater stream is the responsibility of the customer.

(c) Primary service areas. Wastewater utility service shall initially be available to properties within the Corrales Road High Density Area. Wastewater utility service may be expanded and made available in other primary service areas as determined to be necessary and appropriate by the governing body, and dependent upon the availability of funding and other resources necessary to provide the service.

(d) Responsibility. Management, operation and maintenance of the Village's wastewater utility system shall be the responsibility of the utility department, subject to the supervision and control of the Village Administrator and the Mayor. Responsibility for utility accounting and the billing and collection of wastewater connection fees, user fees and other charges shall be as determined by the Village Administrator with the approval of the Mayor.

Section 23-27. Wastewater service availability; mandatory and optional connection.

(a) Corrales Road High Density Area. Upon completion and testing of the initial wastewater utility system serving the Corrales Road High Density Area, the Village administration will determine and publicize the service availability date. The Village will also notify individual property owners within the Corrales Road High Density Area of the service availability date and of the opportunity and obligation of property owners to connect to the wastewater utility system. The owner of each developed lot or parcel of real property within the Corrales Road High Density Area may connect to the wastewater utility system at any time after the service availability date, and in any event shall cause every building or facility on such lot or parcel that is a source of liquid waste to be connected to the wastewater utility system no later than the first to occur of the following:

(1) High-volume commercial facilities shall connect no later than six (6) months following the service availability date;

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309 (2) Low-volume commercial facilities shall connect no later than one (1) year
310 following the service availability date;
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312 (3) Residential units on properties adjacent to Corrales Road shall connect no later
313 than two (2) years following the service availability date;

- (4) Residential units on properties not adjacent to Corrales Road shall connect no later than three (3) years following the service availability date;
- (5) Any newly constructed commercial facility or residential unit shall connect immediately, such connection being a condition for issuance of a certificate of occupancy;
- (6) Any existing commercial facility or residential unit, served by a private wastewater disposal system, which is remodeled, repaired or expanded in such manner that the wastewater disposal system would have to be expanded under NMED regulations shall connect to the wastewater utility system immediately; such connection shall serve the entire commercial facility or residential unit and shall be a condition for issuance of a certificate of occupancy; and
- (7) If any existing private wastewater disposal system has failed and would require repair or replacement as determined by NMED, the facility or residential unit served by such system shall connect to the wastewater utility system immediately, and repair or replacement of the existing system shall be required only to the extent necessary to support wastewater utility service by the wastewater utility system (e.g., replacement of the septic tank if required).
- (b) Other primary service areas. Upon completion of a wastewater utility system expansion into any new primary service area, the governing body shall determine, publicize and cause the property owners within the new primary service area to be notified of the service availability date for such primary service area, and the owners of each developed lot or parcel within the primary service area shall be required to connect to the wastewater utility system in accordance with the schedule set forth in Subsection 23-27(a), or such other schedule as the governing body may establish for the new primary service area.
- (c) Private wastewater disposal systems prohibited. It is prohibited for any person or entity to construct or install a private wastewater disposal system, not connected to the wastewater utility system, or to construct or install a leach field for a private wastewater disposal system within any primary service area after the service availability date for such primary service area.
- (d) Properties not within a primary service area. Applicants whose properties are not located within a primary service area (e.g., residents with properties near Corrales Road south of the Corrales Road High Density Area) will be permitted to connect to the wastewater utility system and become customers, under the same terms and conditions as customers within a

primary service area, provided that adequate capacity and infrastructure exists to support the requested service.

Section 23-28. Service connections.

for service.

(a) Application for service. Each applicant for wastewater utility system service shall submit to the Village an application for such service on a form provided by the Village, providing the applicant's name, service address, mailing address, telephone number, the nature of the commercial facility or residential unit to be served, design drawings or sketches of the installation, equipment specifications for the installation, and any other information needed for the Village to review the application. The application shall be accompanied by payment of the entire amount of the connection fee and the equipment fee (if applicable), or by an application for extension of time to pay the fee or fees and an executed form of agreement for payment of the connection fee and equipment fee (if applicable) over a period not to exceed twenty-four (24 months), as provided in Subsection 23-31(c). The Village shall promptly notify the applicant if

any information is incomplete or if additional information is needed for review of the application

(b) Information and materials provided by the Village. The Village on request will supply to any person schematic diagrams and other appropriate information describing installation requirements and specifications for the wastewater service connection. The Village also has and to the extent available will supply, upon request and payment of an equipment fee equal to the Village's cost (or commitment to pay such equipment fee as provided in Subsection 23-31(c)), STEP pump packages suitable for residential units and commercial facilities not requiring a flow rate greater than ten (10) gallons per minute, with pump basin and basin lid. Materials supplied by the Village, if any, shall upon installation become the property and responsibility of the customer.

(c) Septic tank capacity. Every new or replacement septic tank installed as part of a wastewater service connection shall have adequate capacity for the type of service and facility served, in accordance with applicable regulations of NMED. Where a wastewater service connection is made from an existing septic tank with a capacity smaller than would be required under NMED regulations, the existing septic tank may be allowed to remain in place, but the frequency of required pumping and inspection will be increased as provided in Subsection 23-29(b)(2).

 (d) Sand traps and grease traps. Sand traps or grease traps may be required for schools, restaurants, and certain other commercial or public buildings to prevent accumulated grease, oil, sand or mud from collecting in septic tanks and clogging the septic tank effluent filter or passing from the septic tank to the pump basin and interfering with operation of the STEP pump and the wastewater utility system. The Village will evaluate the need for sand traps or grease traps on a case-by-case basis and notify the applicant or customer if they are required. Where required, the Village shall have authority to inspect sand traps and grease traps at appropriate times during regular business hours and in the event of an emergency, to ensure that they are correctly installed and operating properly.

(e) Approval of connection. Upon review and approval of the application, the Village will issue to the applicant an authorization to make the requested wastewater service connection in accordance with the application and subject to any additional conditions the Village determines are needed.

- (f) Building and excavation permits. It is the responsibility of the applicant to obtain necessary building permits and excavation permits for construction of the wastewater service connection. Issuance of building permits and excavation permits will be subject to payment of additional fees in accordance with Chapter 8 and Chapter 31 of the Village Code.
- least three (3) business days in advance of the date and time that installation of the wastewater connection will begin. The applicant or the applicant's contractor shall ensure that all required notices are made and inspections performed in accordance with the Corrales Building Code. Also, representatives of the Village may observe the installation of the wastewater connection to ensure compliance with applicable standards. Except for the optional Village-supplied materials specifically described in Subparagraph 23-28(b), the applicant shall supply all materials, equipment and labor needed for installation of the wastewater connection, including but not limited to the required septic tank effluent filter, STEP pump and associated equipment, wastewater line to the designated Village service connection point, and electrical equipment and installations to provide necessary power supply. All plumbing and electrical work shall be performed by licensed New Mexico contractors.
- (h) Disconnection of existing leach field or other on-site disposal facility. Where the connection to the wastewater utility system replaces an existing septic system with a leach field, the leach field shall be disconnected from the septic tank and the pipe to the leach field shall be capped within thirty (30) days after connection to the wastewater utility system is completed. The customer or contractor shall provide written notice to the Village and NMED that the leach field is disconnected and the pipe is capped. If the connection to the wastewater utility system replaces any other type of on-site disposal system, such as an advanced treatment system or a constructed wetland disposal facility, such on-site disposal system shall be disconnected in an appropriate manner within thirty (30) days after connection to the wastewater utility system is completed, and written notice shall be provided to the Village and NMED.

Section 23-29. Operation, inspection, maintenance and repairs.

(a) Customer obligations for operation, maintenance and repairs. The operation and maintenance of the customer wastewater service connection from the building or structure served to the point of connection with the Village's wastewater utility system are the sole responsibility of the customer. Customer's responsibility includes, but is not necessarily limited to, proper operation, maintenance and if necessary repair of the on-site wastewater conveyance pipes, sand and grease traps, septic tank and septic tank effluent filter, STEP pump, and required check valves and other appurtenances. In the event that a customer fails to effect necessary repairs or modifications of the customer's wastewater service connection, after notice to do so, and the Village finds it necessary to effect such repairs or modifications in order to ensure the integrity

and satisfactory operation of the wastewater utility system, then the customer shall be liable to the Village for the Village's costs incurred.

- (b) Pumping of septic tanks and traps. Septic tanks connected to the wastewater utility system and required sand traps and grease traps shall be pumped or cleaned in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
 - (1) Upon connection. Existing septic tanks shall be pumped free of accumulated material at the time of initial connection to the wastewater utility system, unless the customer provides documentation that the septic tank was previously pumped free of such material and a period of no more than one (1) year for high-volume commercial facilities, or three (3) years for low-volume commercial facilities or residential units, has elapsed since the septic tank was pumped.
 - (2) Regular pumping and inspection. Following connection to the wastewater utility system, septic tanks, sand traps and grease traps (if present) shall be pumped free of accumulated material and shall be inspected to determine integrity and proper operation according to the following schedule:

Equipment and type of facility served:	Pumping and inspection frequency:
Septic tank, high-volume commercial	Every twelve (12) months
facility	
Septic tank, low-volume commercial	Every thirty-six (36) months
facility	
Septic tank, multiple residential units	Every twenty-four (24) months
Septic tank, single residential unit	Every thirty-six (36) months
Sand trap or grease trap	As needed to ensure no overflow to
	wastewater utility system

The septic tank effluent filter shall be inspected, cleaned and if necessary replaced each time the septic tank is pumped or inspected.

If the septic tank has a capacity smaller than that required for the facility under applicable NMED regulations, then the frequency of mandatory inspection and pumping shall be modified in accordance with the following equation:

$$APF = \frac{ATC}{RTC} \times RPF;$$

where: APF = actual required pumping frequency (months);

ATC = actual septic tank capacity;

RTC = septic tank capacity required by NMED regulations; and RPF = pumping frequency required per the preceding table.

Pumping and inspection of septic tanks shall be performed by or under the direct supervision of a qualified maintenance service provider or inspector certified by NMED to be competent in the physical examination and evaluation of on-site

liquid waste systems. The maintenance service provider shall, within thirty (30) days following pumping or inspection of a septic tank connected to the wastewater utility system, submit to the Village a signed report certifying that the pumping or inspection was performed, providing the date of the pumping or inspection, and noting any deficiencies or failures that were observed at the time of the pumping or inspection.

- (c) Alteration or removal of components prohibited. Alteration or removal of any wastewater service connection components without the prior approval of the Village is strictly prohibited. It is strictly prohibited to discharge wastewater to the wastewater utility system without a suitable septic tank effluent filter in place. Any person who knowingly discharges wastewater to the wastewater utility system in violation of this Subsection shall be punishable in accordance with Section 23-33.
- (d) Customer obligation to provide electric power. The customer shall provide continuous and uninterrupted electrical power for operation of the STEP pump and any appurtenances, except only for electrical service outages or failures beyond customer's control.
- (e) Village obligations. The Village shall be responsible for the operation, maintenance and if necessary repair of the wastewater utility system, except for customer wastewater service connections as described in Subparagraph 23-29(a).
- (f) Right to enter, inspect and make emergency repairs. The Village and its officers, employees, agents and representatives, upon reasonable notice or without notice in the event of an emergency, shall have authority to enter upon private lands for the purpose of inspecting any portion of the wastewater utility system and the service connections thereto and making any corrections or repairs that are necessary in the event of emergency to avoid, prevent or mitigate damages to the wastewater utility system or disruption of wastewater utility services. In the event that emergency repairs or modifications of a customer's wastewater service connection are necessary to ensure the integrity and satisfactory operation of the wastewater utility system and the customer does not promptly take appropriate steps to effect such repairs or modifications, then the Village may make the necessary repairs or modifications and the customer shall be liable to the Village for the Village's costs incurred.

Section 23-30. Prohibited discharges and activities.

- (a) *Prohibited pollutants*. No person shall discharge or permit the discharge into the wastewater utility system of any of the following pollutants which acting alone or in conjunction with other substances present in the wastewater could interfere with the operation of the POTW:
 - (1) Pollutants which could create a fire or explosion hazard in the POTW, including but not limited to waste streams with a closed-cup flashpoint of less than 140° F (60° C) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR 261.21;
 - (2) Pollutants which could cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case discharges with a pH lower than 5.0 or higher than 11.5;

- 527 (3) Solid or viscous pollutants of any sort, including grease, wax or similar materials which could clog the STEP wastewater lines;
 - (4) Any pollutant which could cause interference in the POTW or individual unit operations of the POTW, including oxygen demand pollutants (BOD, COD, NH₃-N and like materials) released in a discharge at a flow rate or concentration which could cause interference in the POTW or individual unit operations;
 - (5) Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW resulting in interference, but in no case heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW influent exceeds 104° F (40° C) or the temperature of the discharge into the wastewater utility system exceeds 140° F (60° C);
 - (6) Petroleum oil, cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin, in any amount;
 - (7) Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause worker health or safety problems, as determined by ABCWUA;
 - (8) Trucked or hauled pollutants of any sort or in any quantity;
 - (9) Noxious or malodorous liquids, gases or other wastewater which, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, are sufficient to create a public nuisance or a hazard to life, safety or health, or the pollution of waters receiving discharge from the POTW;
 - (10) Wastewater which imparts color which cannot be removed by the treatment process such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions;
 - (11) Storm water, surface water, ground water, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, swimming pool drainage, condensate, deionized water, and noncontact cooling water, unless specifically authorized by ABCWUA and the Village;
 - (12) Sludges, screenings or other residues from the pretreatment of industrial waste;
 - (13) Medical wastes;

- (14) Wastewater which, alone or in conjunction with other sources, could cause the POTW's effluent to fail a NPDES toxicity test;
- (15) Detergents, surface-active agents, or similar substances in quantities which could cause excessive foaming in the wastewater utility system or the POTW;
- (16) Fats, oils or greases of animal or vegetable origin;
- (17) Persistent pesticides or herbicides, such as but not limited to dieldrin, aldrin, chlordane, endrin, heptachlor, toxaphene, lindane, dioxin, benzene hexachloride (BHC) and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), or any other toxic refractory organic chemicals;
- (18) Radioactive waste of any sort;
- (19) Dental amalgam; or
- (20) Any pollutant which would result in a violation of any statute, rule, regulation or ordinance of the Village, ABCWUA or any public agency, including discharges prohibited by EPA.
- (b) Pollutant concentration limitations. No person shall discharge or permit the discharge into the wastewater utility system of any of the following pollutants at a concentration in excess of that set forth in the table below or any different concentration of such pollutant that may be established by ABCWUA's Sewer Use and Wastewater Control Ordinance on or after the adoption of this Section 23-30:

Pollutant	Daily max. composite sample concentration limit (mg/l)	Applicability
Aluminum	900	Contributory discharges above background of 1.3 mg/l
Arsenic	0.051	Contributory discharges above background of 0.0107 mg/l
Benzene	0.05	All discharges
Cadmium	0.05	Contributory discharges above background of 0.01 mg/l
Chromium,	4.1	All discharges
total	5.2	C + '1 + 1' -1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 2 1
Copper	5.3	Contributory discharges above background of 0.063 mg/l
Cyanide	0.1	Contributory discharges above background of 0.010 mg/l
Fluoride	10.8	All discharges
Formaldehyde	100	All discharges
Lead	1.0	Contributory discharges above background of 0.01 mg/l
Mercury	0.0007	All discharges
Molybdenum	2.0	Contributory discharges above background of 0.025 mg/l
Nickel	2.0	Contributory discharges above background of 0.015 mg/l
Selenium	0.14	Contributory discharges above background of 0.002 mg/l
Silver	0.8	Contributory discharges above background of 0.076 mg/l
Zinc	2.2	All discharges
Phenolic	2.0	All discharges
compounds		
Total toxic	3.2	All discharges
organic		
BTEX *	0.75	All discharges

^{*} Total benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes.

(c) Applicability of ABCWUA limitations. In addition to the foregoing restrictions, limitations and prohibitions, discharges of wastewater to the wastewater utility system shall comply with all applicable regulations and limitations contained in the most recent sewer use and wastewater control ordinance of ABCWUA, as amended and supplemented. In the event of an inconsistency between the standards set forth in this Section and those contained in the ABCWUA wastewater control ordinance, the more restrictive provision shall apply.

(d) Damage to wastewater utility system. It shall be unlawful for any person to remove or damage any part of the wastewater utility system. No person shall excavate in any public right of way within the Village without first obtaining an excavation permit from the Village or other authority having control over the right of way, and all excavation shall be in accordance with the terms of the permit. In the event that any person causes damage to the wastewater utility system by excavation within the Village, such person shall be liable to the Village for all costs incurred by the Village to repair, restore or replace the damaged portion of the wastewater utility system. If the damage results from excavation without a required permit,

the person causing the damage shall be liable to the Village for an additional penalty in the amount of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The Village reserves the right to seek additional or alternative civil penalties in the event of damage to the wastewater utility system or any portion thereof, either within or outside of the Village, and regardless whether the person causing the damage obtained an excavation permit from any authority.

Section 23-31. Rates and charges for wastewater service.

- (a) Imposition of fees and charges. The Village shall impose reasonable and appropriate fees and charges for wastewater utility system service to customers. The amount of the fees and charges shall be established and may be amended periodically by resolution of the governing body. Fees and charges for each class of customer shall be set at just and equitable rates, sufficient in the aggregate to meet the Village's costs of establishing and operating the wastewater utility system, except to the extent, if any, that the governing body shall by resolution specifically provide funding for the wastewater utility system from other sources of funds.
- (b) *Customer classes*. Fees and charges shall be determined based on three classes of customers:
 - (1) Residential units. Where a single service connection serves multiple residential units, fees and charges shall be based on the actual number of residential units served.
 - (2) Low-volume commercial facilities.
 - (3) High-volume commercial facilities.

Where a single service connection serves multiple commercial facilities in common ownership, the owner may elect to have each commercial facility treated as a separate entity for billing purposes, or may elect to have all of them treated collectively as a single entity. The election shall be made at the time of application for service, and shall be irrevocable for a period of one (1) year thereafter. After the expiration of the initial one (1) year period, the owner may at his or her discretion seek to amend the election, subject to Village approval; provided, however, that if an owner initially elects to have multiple commercial facilities treated collectively as a single entity, and subsequently changes the election to treat them as separate entities, then the appropriate connection fee shall be required for each separate entity.

- (c) Regular fees and charges. The following fees and charges shall apply:
- (1) Connection fee. The connection fee shall be paid when the customer makes application for wastewater service; provided, however, that upon a showing of undue hardship, the applicant may be permitted to enter into an agreement with the Village to pay the connection fee in monthly installments over a period not to exceed twenty-four (24) months, without interest.

- (2) Equipment fee. The equipment fee, if applicable, shall be in an amount sufficient to reimburse the Village for the cost of the equipment provided. The equipment fee may be paid when the customer makes application for wastewater service, or the applicant may enter into an agreement with the Village to pay the equipment fee in monthly installments over a period not to exceed twenty-four (24) months, without interest.
- (3) Wastewater service charges. Monthly charges for wastewater service shall be as established by resolution of the governing body, and may include both a monthly base charge and a commodity charge based on the liquid waste design flow rate for the facility served. For high-volume commercial facilities, the liquid waste design flow rate shall be determined in accordance with the following table, as set forth in Section 20.7.3.201 NMAC, or with any revision, amendment or supplementation thereof subsequently adopted by NMED.

TYPE OF OCCUPANCY	GALLONS PER DAY
1. Airport, bus terminal, train station	20 per employee
	5 per passenger
2. Beauty or barber shop	75 per service chair
3. Bowling alley (snack bar only)	75 per lane
4. Bed & breakfast	150 first bedroom
	100 each additional bedroom
5. Camps:	
Campground with central comfort station	35 per person
With flush toilets, no showers	25 per person
Day camp (no meals served)	15 per person
Summer and seasonal	50 per person
6. Churches (sanctuary)	2 per seat
With kitchen waste	7 per seat
7. Dance hall	5 per person
8. Doctor or dentist office	250 per practitioner
Add	15 per employee
9. Factories (per 8-hour shift):	
No showers	25 per employee
With showers	35 per employee
Cafeteria, add	5 per employee
10. Food operations:	
Restaurant operating 16 hours or less per	
day	40 per seat
Restaurant operating more than 16 hours per	
day	60 per seat
Bar or cocktail lounge	20 per seat
Per pool table or video game, add	15 each
Carry out only, including caterers	50 per 100 sq. ft. floor space
Add per 8-hour shift	20 per employee
Food outlets only	10 per 100 sq. ft. floor space

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		Add for deli	40 per 100 sq. ft. floor space
		Add for bakery	40 per 100 sq. ft. floor space
		Add for meat department	75 per 100 sq. ft. floor space
		Add per public restroom	200
	11.	Hotels, motels, lodges	60 per bed
		(Laundries, lounges and restaurants calcu-	
		lated separately)	
	12.	Institutions (resident)	75 per person
		Nursing homes	125 per person
		Rest homes	125 per person
-	13.	Laundries	•
		Self-service (minimum 10 hours/day)	50 per wash cycle
		Commercial	Per manufacturer's specifica-
			tions
ľ	14.	Offices	20 per employee per 8-hour
			shift
ľ	15.	Parks:	
		Picnic park – toilets only	20 per parking space
-	16.	Recreation vehicles (RV) park:	
		Without water hookup	75 per space
		With water and sewage hookup	100 per space
		RV dump station	50 per RV
ŀ	17.	Schools – Staff and office	20 per person
		Elementary and day care	15 per student
		Intermediate and high	20 per student
		Boarding, total waste	100 per person
		Gym and showers, add	5 per student
1		With cafeteria, add	3 per student
	18	Service station or convenience store	400 per toilet
	10.	Uni-sex restrooms	800 per toilet
	19	Stores	20 per employee
	17.	Public restrooms	10 per 100 sq. ft. floor space
	20	Swimming and bathing places, including	10 per 100 sq. 10 11001 space
	20.	public spas and hot tubs, public	10 per person
ŀ	21	Theaters, auditoriums	5 per seat
	~ 1.	Drive-ins	10 per space
ŀ	22	Veterinary clinic	250 per practitioner
	<i></i> .	Add	15 per employee
		Add	20 per kennel, stall or cage
Ĺ		/ 100	20 per kenner, stan or cage

As an alternative to the commodity charge based on the liquid waste design flow rate as set forth in the foregoing table, the owner or operator of a commercial facility may, at his or her expense, install a totalizing flow meter on the wastewater service connection between the STEP pump and the connection to the Village's wastewater utility system. The make and model of the flow meter and the design of the installation shall be approved by the Village utility department

prior to installation. After installation, the Village will cause the flow meter to be read monthly, and the commodity charge shall be based on meter readings so long as the meter is fully functional and operating properly. Flow meter readings shall not be used as a basis to change the rate class of the facility served, which shall be based on the liquid waste design flow rate regardless of measured wastewater discharge. Service, maintenance, repair and, if necessary, replacement of the flow meter shall be the sole responsibility of the customer.

- (d) Special fees and charges. The Village may assess special charges to a customer for any out of pocket costs the Village incurs beyond the normal costs of providing service to other customers similarly situated. Special charges shall be made for, but are not limited to the following situations:
 - (1) Costs associated with sampling, analyzing and evaluating the customer's waste water and the effect of such waste water on the wastewater utility system when such waste water is found to contain prohibited pollutants, and thereafter for verification of compliance with this chapter as the director of public utilities deems appropriate.
 - (2) Costs associated with repairing or replacing components of the wastewater utility system that are damaged or destroyed by the actions of the customer or by any of customer's wastewater discharged to the wastewater utility system.
 - (3) Costs beyond routine inspections associated with verifying compliance with the inspection, pumping and maintenance requirements for septic tanks, grease traps, sand traps and wastewater service connections as set forth in this chapter.
 - (4) Costs incurred for emergency correction or repair of a customer's wastewater service connection as provided in Section 23-29(f).
 - (5) Any other costs incurred to enforce the provisions of this chapter, including legal costs and attorney fees.

Section 23-32. Responsibility for payment of rates and charges.

(a) Responsibility for payment. Payment of all rates, fees and charges for wastewater utility service is the responsibility of the owner of the property served, notwithstanding any statement to the contrary in any lease, tenancy or land use agreement. Rates, fees and charges for wastewater service shall, until fully paid, be a lien upon the property served. Upon receipt of a written request signed and submitted by both the tenant and the property owner, the Village will as a courtesy send any applicable bills for wastewater utility service to the tenant and accept payment from the tenant; provided, however, that the property owner shall nonetheless be fully liable for any rates, fees and charges not timely paid by the tenant. Failure by a tenant to make timely payment of bills duly directed to the tenant does not impose any obligation upon the Village to notify the property owner.

(b) *Billing*. Wastewater service fees and charges shall be determined and bills for services shall be based on a monthly billing period, which shall not necessarily be a calendar month. Monthly fees and charges shall be due without prorating for any portion of a month of monthly billing period during which service was provided. Bills will be sent monthly as soon as reasonably feasible after the end of the billing period.

- (c) Payments due; delinquencies and arrears. Bills for wastewater utility services are due and payable upon receipt. Any bill not paid within thirty (30) calendar days after it is sent shall be deemed delinquent and shall be subject to interest at the rate of twelve percent (12%) per annum, compounded monthly. Interest shall be imposed upon all payments in arrears, whether for wastewater service charges, connection fees, equipment fees, or any other charges or fees due on the account.
- (d) Lien on property served; enforcement of lien. All rates and fees for wastewater utility service, including interest on overdue charges, shall until paid be a lien on the real property served, enforceable in accordance with Section 3-26-2 and Sections 3-36-1 through 3-36-7, inclusive, NMSA 1978. In the event that any amount billed for wastewater utility service remains unpaid three (3) months after the billing date, the Village clerk may file a notice of lien as provided in Section 3-36-1, NMSA 1978, and other applicable law, and shall thereupon impose a fee of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) to reimburse the Village's costs to impose and, if necessary, enforce the lien.
- (e) Enforcement of lien. A lien for non-payment of wastewater utility service fees and charges may be enforced by the Village by foreclosure or as otherwise provided by law. In the event that legal action is necessary to enforce a lien, the Village will seek recovery of its costs and attorney fees incurred for enforcement of the lien, in accordance with Section 3-36-4(B), NMSA 1978.
- (f) Change of ownership or tenancy. Upon the sale or a change in tenancy of any property served by the Village's wastewater utility system, it is the responsibility of the owner or tenant leaving the premises to notify the Village and provide appropriate documentation of the change in ownership or tenancy. It is the responsibility of the incoming owner or tenant to submit an application for service to the Village no later than five (5) days after taking possession of the property. Upon receipt of an application for service by the new owner, or a new tenant with the written approval of the owner, the Village will thereupon send any future bills to the new owner or tenant. Any unpaid fees or charges, including deferred rates or charges such as, but not limited to, deferred payment of connection fees or equipment fees, and any interest due thereon, shall not be abated by change of ownership or tenancy, and shall be the responsibility of the incoming owner or tenant. It is the responsibility of the purchaser of the property or the incoming tenant to make due inquiry whether any charges are outstanding for service to the property, and the Village shall have no liability for any failure to make such inquiry.
- (g) Temporary discontinuance of service charge for unoccupied and closed unit. If a residential unit or commercial facility has been entirely unoccupied for a period of more than one (1) month, and is reasonably expected to be entirely unoccupied for a continuous period totaling at least three (3) months, the owner may apply for abatement of the commodity charge during the

period that the residential unit or commercial facility is unoccupied. The director of public utilities shall inspect the premises, or cause the inspection of the premises, to ensure that the premises are actually unoccupied during the period of abatement. The monthly base charge shall not be abated, and shall be due and payable monthly notwithstanding the fact that the residential unit or commercial facility may be unoccupied.

Section 23-33. Termination of service; reconnection.

- (a) Termination of service to developed property prohibited. Wastewater utility service shall not be terminated to any developed property after a service connection has been made to any building or structure on the property.
- (b) Termination of service if property is no longer developed. In the event that all buildings or structures for which wastewater utility service would be required are permanently destroyed, abandoned or removed from a property, then upon notice to the Village by the property owner, or upon the determination of the Village without notice, wastewater utility service to the property may be terminated. As a condition for termination, the Village shall require that the septic tank and the service connection, including all appurtenances thereto, shall be excavated, removed and properly disposed of. Any unpaid fees or charges, including deferred rates or charges such as, but not limited to, deferred payment of connection fees or equipment fees, and any interest due thereon, shall remain due and payable and shall be a lien on the property, notwithstanding termination of service.
- (c) Reconnection of service; reconnection fee. In the event that service to a property has been terminated and an applicant then seeks service to the property for new development or facilities thereon, renewed service to the property will be provided upon application and payment of a reconnection fee in an amount equal to the connection fee in effect at the time of application. The applicant seeking reconnection shall comply with all requirements applicable for an initial connection to the wastewater utility system, notwithstanding the prior service connection to the property.

Section 23-34. Determination of disputes; appeals.

- (a) Determination of disputes. In the event that there is any question or dispute regarding the interpretation of anything contained in this chapter, the determination of such dispute shall be made in the first instance by the director of public utilities. Upon the request of any interested person, the director of public utilities shall make such determination in writing, stating the reasons therefor. A copy of the written determination shall be provided to the Village administrator.
- (b) *Right of appeal*. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the director of public utilities may seek review of the decision by the Mayor. The decision of the Mayor shall be the final executive determination of the matter. Any interested person aggrieved by a decision of the Mayor in connection with any matter relating to the wastewater utility system may appeal to the governing body by submitting a notice of appeal to the Village clerk, together with the applicable filing fee, within twenty (20) days following the date of the decision. The notice of appeal shall

set forth specifically wherein it is claimed that there was an error or an abuse of discretion, or wherein the decision appealed from was not supported by substantial evidence. A notice of appeal not timely filed or filed without payment of the applicable fee will not be considered.

- (c) *Hearing*. An appeal duly filed shall be heard by the governing body at a time and place to be determined by the governing body. The appellant and any other interested party known to the Village will be notified of the date, time and place of the hearing at least five (5) days in advance. No public notice other than posting of the agenda will be required for the hearing. The matter will be heard by the governing body *de novo*.
- (d) *Decision*. The governing body may reverse, amend, modify or affirm the decision appealed from. The decision of the governing body is the final decision of the Village on the matter appealed.

Section 23-35. Penalties for violation of ordinance; abatement of prohibited conditions.

- (a) *Penalty for violation of ordinance*. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter shall, upon conviction, be punished in accordance with section 1-6. In the event that any violation continues or is repeated after notice by the Village, each day that the violation continues or is repeated shall be deemed a separate offense.
- (b) Additional remedies; abatement of prohibited conditions. The availability of penalties in accordance with Subsection 23-35(a) shall not be construed to limit the authority of the Village to seek additional or other penalties, criminal or civil, or to undertake such actions as the Village deems appropriate and necessary to provide for the health, safety and welfare of the Village and its citizens. The Village may pursue any and all administrative or civil penalties available to it, including but not limited to an administrative order to require abatement of any condition that is injurious to the health, safety or general welfare of the public and to require compliance with any provision of the ordinances of the Village. In addition, the Village may pursue a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction to require compliance with any federal, state or local law or ordinance or to require the abatement of unsafe, unsanitary, noxious or hazardous conditions.

(Remainder of page intentionally left blank.)

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839	SEVERABILITY CLAUSE: Should any section, paragraph, clause or provision of this
840	Ordinance be held to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, the invalidity or
841	unenforceability of such section, paragraph, clause or provision shall not affect any of the
842	remaining provisions of this Ordinance. The Governing Body of the Village of Corrales hereby
843	declares that it would have passed this Ordinance and each section, subsection, sentence, clause,
844	word or phrase thereof irrespective of any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses,
845	words or phrases being declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid.
846	
847	<u>COMPILING CLAUSE</u> : This Ordinance shall be incorporated in and compiled as a part of the
848	Code of Ordinances of the Village of Corrales, as indicated in the Ordinance.
849	
850	EFFECTIVE DATE AND PUBLICATION: This Ordinance shall become effective and be in
851	full force and effect from and after its passage, publication and posting, according to law.
852	
853	PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED by the Governing Body of the Village of
854	Corrales, New Mexico, this day of October, 2012.
855	
856	APPROVED:
857	
858 859	
860	The Honorable Philip Gasteyer
861	Mayor
862	Mayor
863	ATTEST:
864	
865	
866	
867	Juan J. Reyes
868	Village Clerk
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870	